

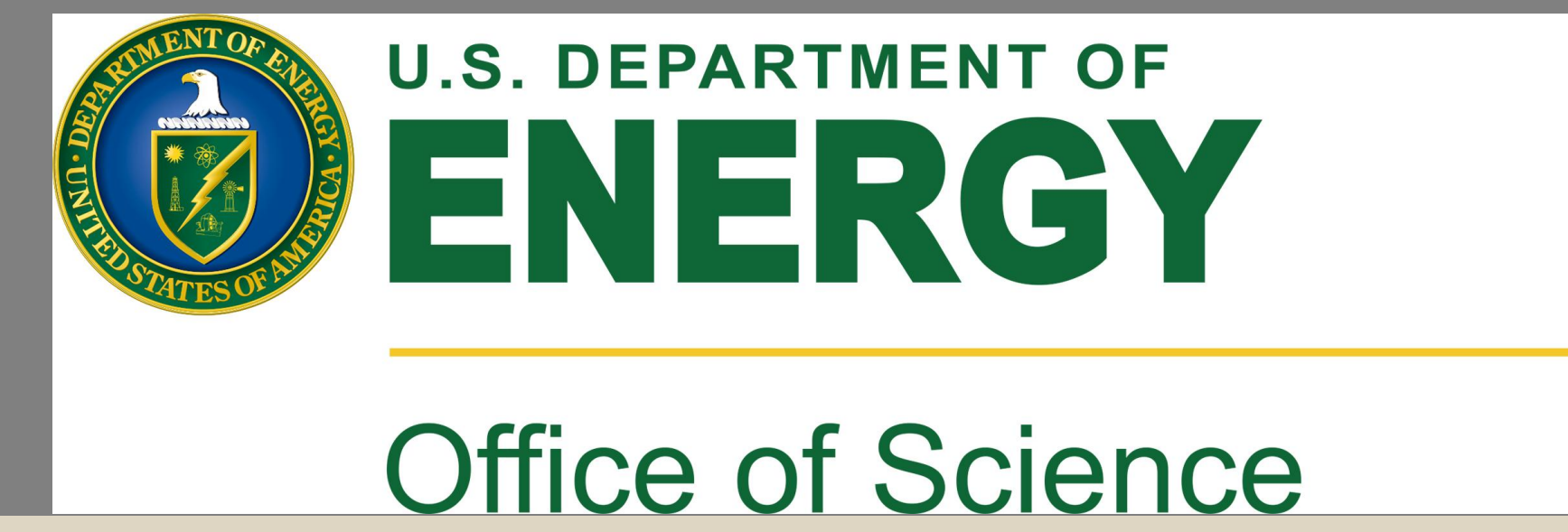
Towards Measuring Longitudinal Electron Diffusion in the MicroBooNE LArTPC

Fermilab-Poster-18-082-ND

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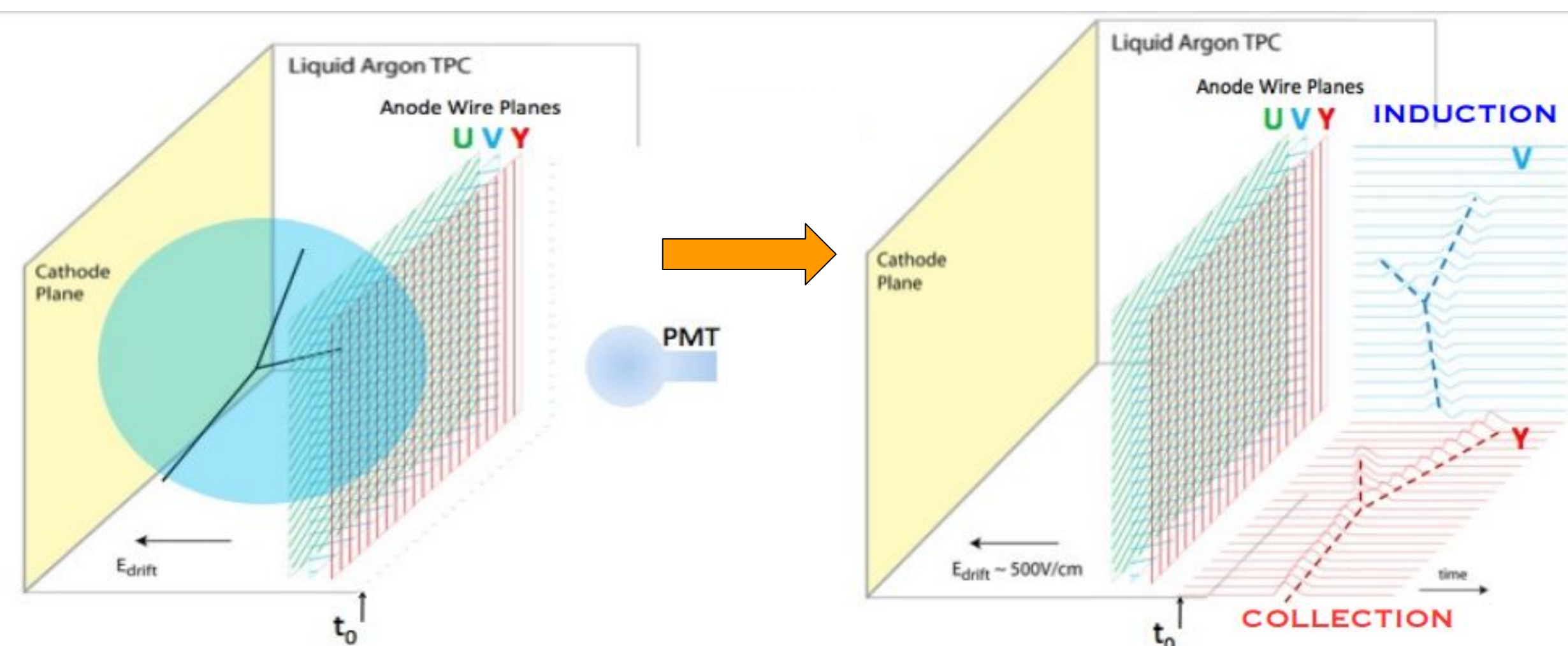
On behalf of the MicroBooNE Collaboration

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1. MicroBooNE

- Liquid Argon Time Projection Chamber (LArTPC)
- Neutrino interactions reconstructed based on ionization electrons and scintillation light
- Primary goals:
 - Investigate MiniBooNE low-energy excess
 - Neutrino-argon cross-sections
 - **LArTPC R&D**

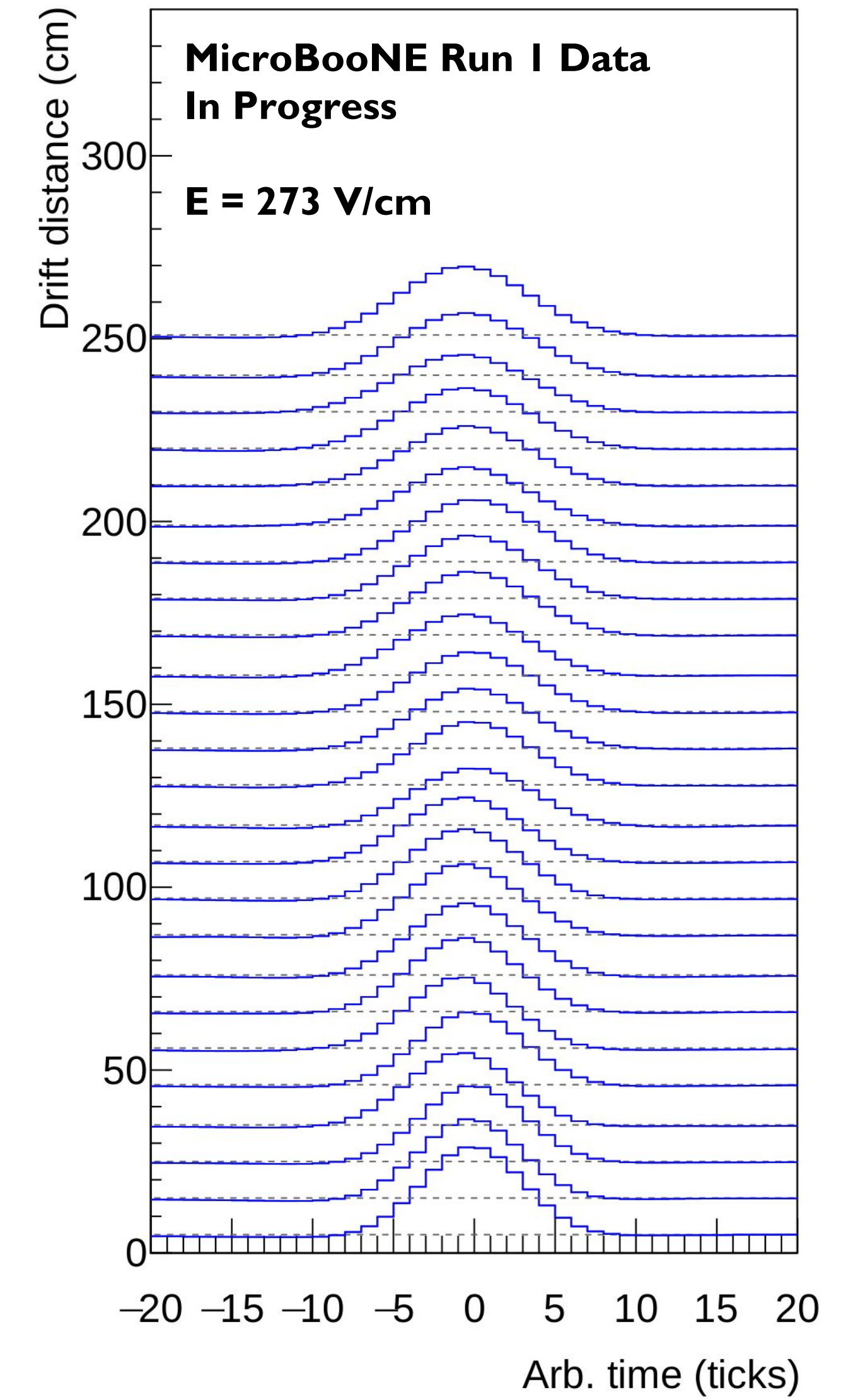


2. Electron Diffusion

- “Spreading out” of ionization electrons as they traverse the detector
 - **Longitudinal (D_L)** and transverse (D_T) components with respect to drift direction
- D_L widens signal pulse width in time (σ_t), can be extracted from σ_t^2 vs. drift distance
- Measurement allows for independent method to verify true track drift distance
- **Few current measurements [1], [2]**

$$\sigma_t^2 = \left(\frac{2D_L}{v_d^3} \right) x + \sigma_0^2$$

Labels for the equation:
 - σ_t^2 : Total time width of pulse
 - $\frac{2D_L}{v_d^3}$: Diffusion coefficient / Drift velocity
 - x : Drift distance
 - σ_0^2 : Inherent pulse width



3. Simulation and Selection

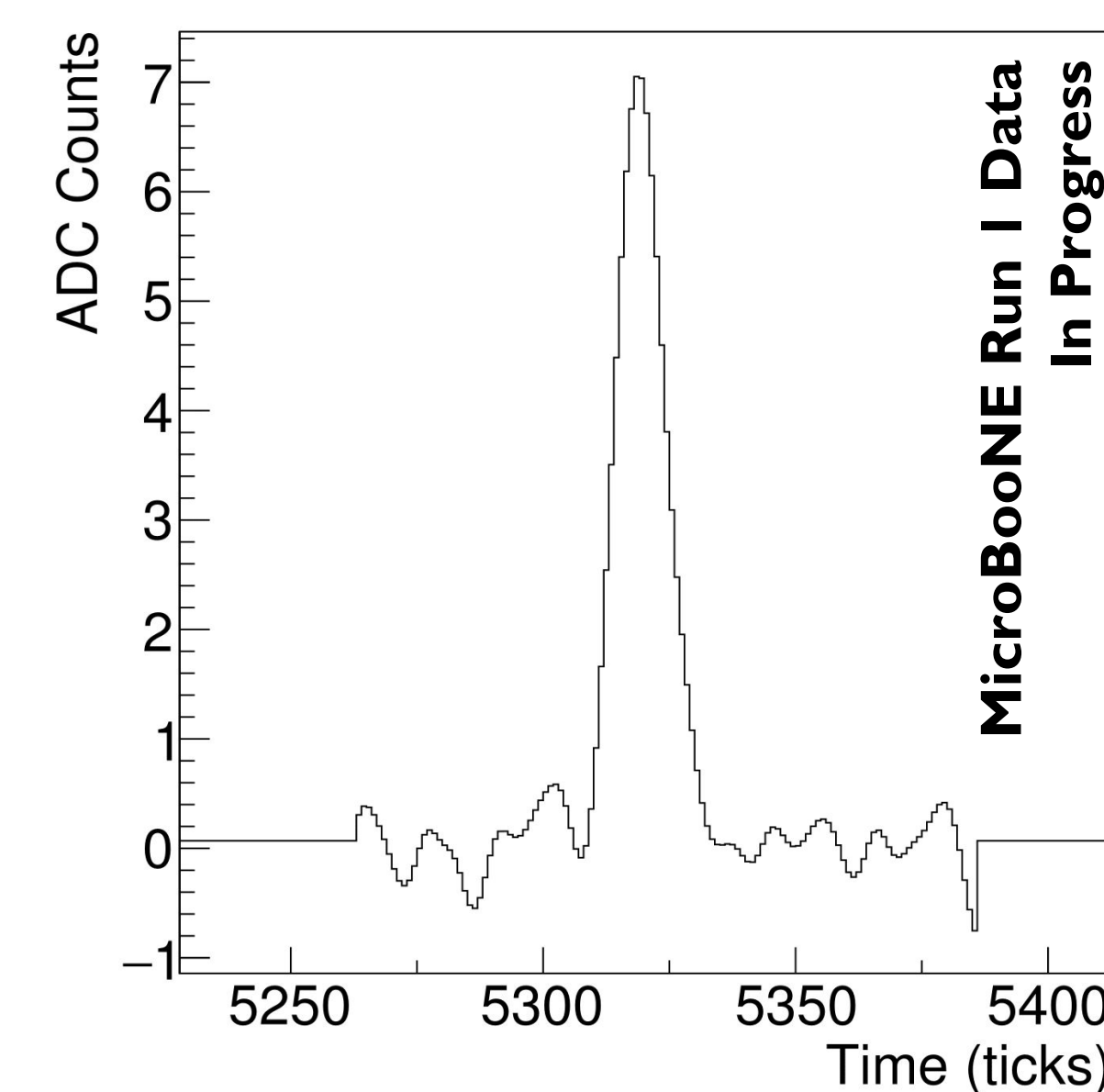


- Simulate cosmic events, filter for high-quality muon tracks
 - Track length > 100 cm
 - Low-angle tracks
 - Gaussian waveforms
- Split drift distance (256 cm) into 25 bins

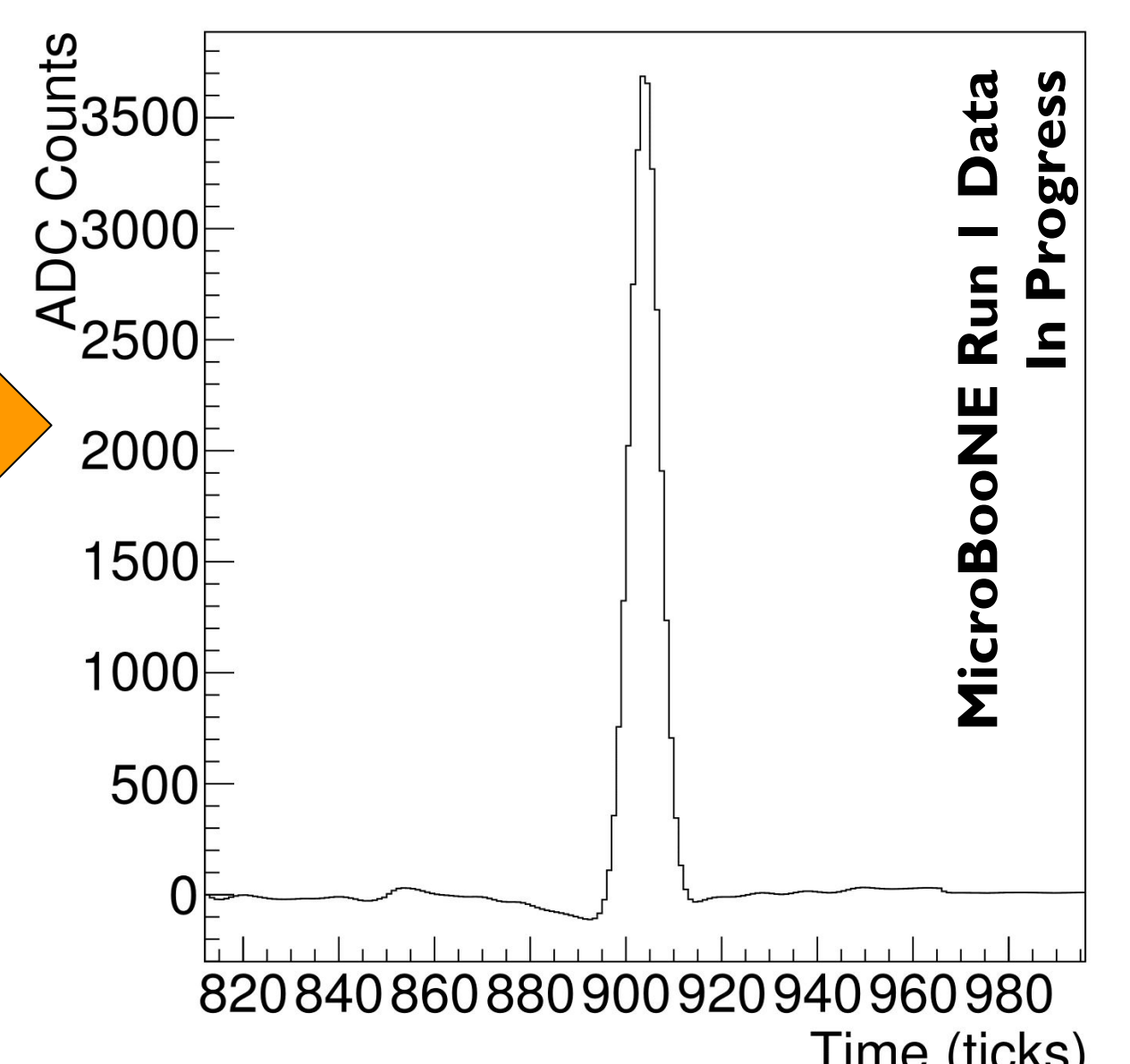
104 cm

4. Waveform Averaging

- Sum waveforms in each bin
- Enhances signal, reduces noise



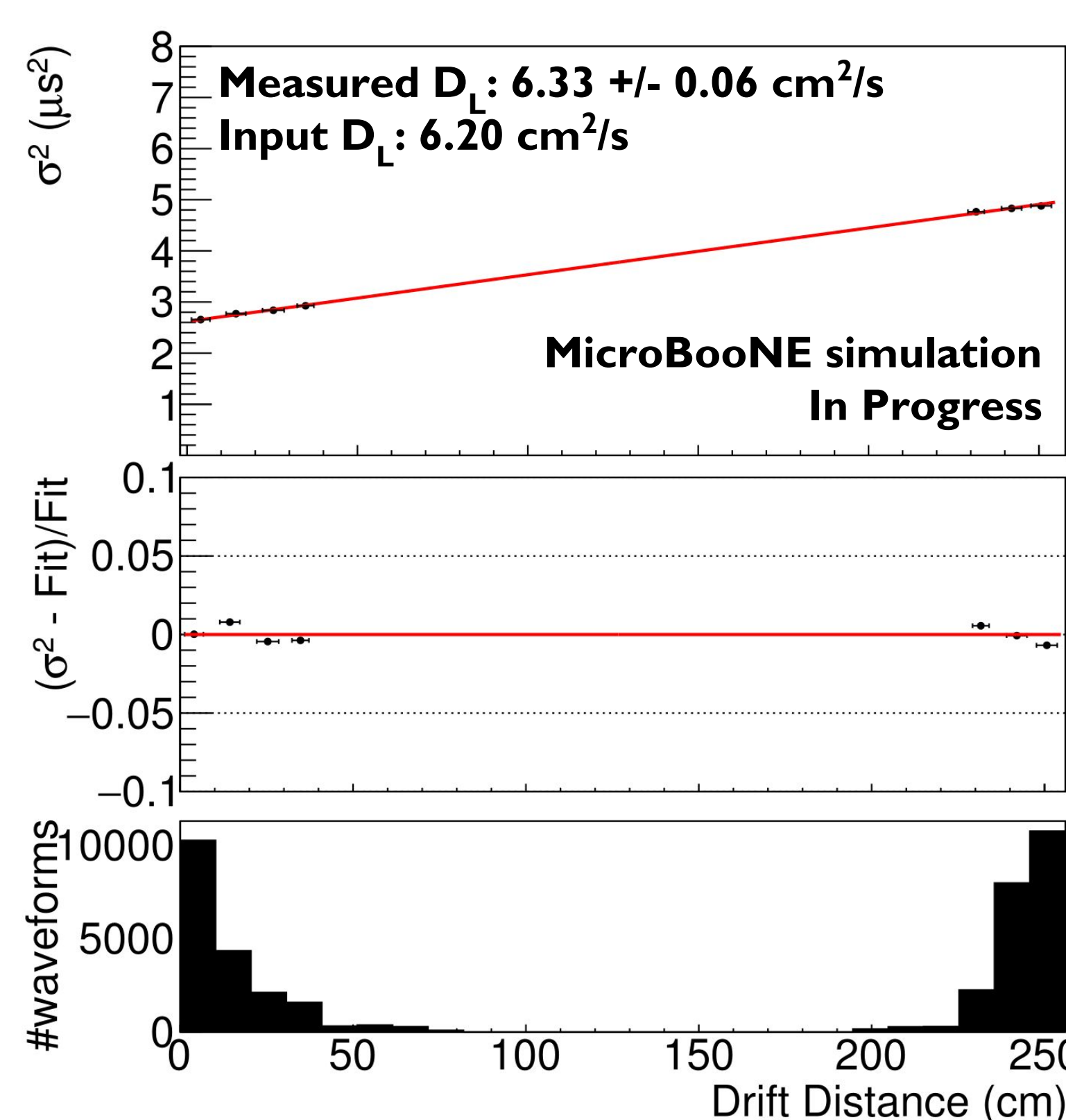
Individual Waveform



Summed Waveform

5. Extraction of D_L

- Fit Gaussian to summed waveform
 - Standard deviation gives σ_t
- Plot σ_t^2 vs. drift distance, extract D_L from slope
 - Ignore bins with < 500 waveforms
- Measured value within 2% of input value
 - Better than ~5% difference expected from effects of D_T



6. Challenges and Future Work

- Low-statistics due to stringent angular selection and t_0 -tagging requirement
 - High-angle tracks cause problems, so we cut them out
 - ...but t_0 -tagged cosmic ray tracks tend to be high-angle
- Pin down systematics
 - Detector response and D_T expected to be dominant
 - Space charge, delta rays, multiple Coulomb scattering, etc. expected to be < 1%
- **Perform analysis on Run I cosmic ray data soon**
- Informative to future experiments, especially the Deep Underground Neutrino Experiment (DUNE)



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References

- [1] P. Cennini et al. Performance of a 3-ton liquid argon time projection chamber. *Nucl. Instrum. Meth.*, 1994
- [2] Yichen Li et. al. Measurement of Longitudinal Electron Diffusion in Liquid Argon. *Nucl. Instrum. Meth.*, 2016

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