

Proton-Boron Fusion Reaction by Laser Driven Coulomb Explosion

Pawan Kumar^{1*} and Vikas Katoch¹

Department of Physics, Raj Kumar Goel Institute of Technology, Ghaziabad, UP- 201003, India

**Email: kumarpawan_30@yahoo.co.in*

Abstract

A scheme of proton- boron fusion is investigated, where a boron cylinder is filled with hydrogen gas or hydrogen adsorbed carbon nanowires. A laser is line focused on the gas (by an axicon) converting it into tunnel ionised plasma. The ion Coulomb explosion of the plasma produces MeV ions, which when hit the boron cylinder undergo proton-boron fusion, ${}_5\text{B}^{11} + {}_1\text{p}^1 \rightarrow {}_3\text{He}^4 + 8.7\text{MeV}$. Energy estimates reveal that the scheme requires laser intensity $I_L \sim 10^{19}\text{W/cm}^2$ at $1\mu\text{m}$ and boron cylinder needs to be converted into the plasma state to overcome Coulomb scattering of protons. The protons generated with energy about 600 KeV, which is sufficient energy to start the proton - boron fusion reaction.