



ATLAS PUB Note
ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-030
25th July 2021



hMSSM summary plots from direct and indirect searches

The ATLAS Collaboration

This note presents an update of the plots that summarize the interpretation of various searches for additional Higgs bosons beyond the Standard Model, as well as the Higgs boson coupling combination, in the hMSSM. This version supersedes ATL-PHYS-PUB-2020-006 by updating to the latest results and including a bug fix in the $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu_\tau$ plots.

1 Summary

This note presents an update of the plots that summarize the interpretation of various searches for additional Higgs bosons beyond the Standard Model, as well as the Higgs boson coupling combination, in the hMSSM. A previous version can be found in Ref. [1], which is superseded by this document. There are two updates with respect to the previous version:

- A bug is fixed in the observed limit of $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu_\tau$ analysis.
- New results using Run 2 data have been added and journal references have replaced preprint numbers in the legends.

2 Analyses Considered

Figures 1-4 show the expected and/or observed limits at 95% confidence-level (CL) in the hMSSM [2–4], using different axis ranges, for several analyses based on proton-proton collision data recorded by the ATLAS experiment at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV. The integrated luminosity considered in each of the searches listed below is quoted between parentheses.

- “Search for heavy Higgs bosons decaying into two tau leptons with the ATLAS detector using pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV” [5] (139 fb^{-1}).
- “Search for charged Higgs bosons decaying via $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu_\tau$ in the $\tau+\text{jets}$ and $\tau+\text{lepton}$ final states with 36 fb^{-1} of pp collision data recorded at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS experiment” [6] (36.1 fb).
- “Search for charged Higgs bosons decaying into top and bottom quarks at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector” [7] (139 fb^{-1}).
- “Search for heavy neutral Higgs bosons produced in association with b -quarks and decaying to b -quarks at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector” [8] (27.8 fb^{-1}).
- “Search for heavy ZZ resonances in the $\ell^+ \ell^- \ell^+ \ell^-$ and $\ell^+ \ell^- \nu \bar{\nu}$ final states using proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector” [9] (36.1 fb^{-1}).
- “Search for heavy resonances decaying into a W or Z boson and a Higgs boson in final states with leptons and b -jets in 36 fb^{-1} of $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV pp collisions with the ATLAS detector” [10] (36.1 fb^{-1}).
- “Search for heavy resonances decaying into WW in the $e\nu\mu\nu$ final state in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector” [11] (36.1 fb^{-1}).
- Combination of searches for Higgs boson pairs in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector” [12] (27.5-36.1 fb^{-1}).
- “Combined measurements of Higgs boson production and decay using up to 80 fb^{-1} of proton-proton collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV collected with the ATLAS experiment” [13] (36.1-79.8 fb^{-1}).

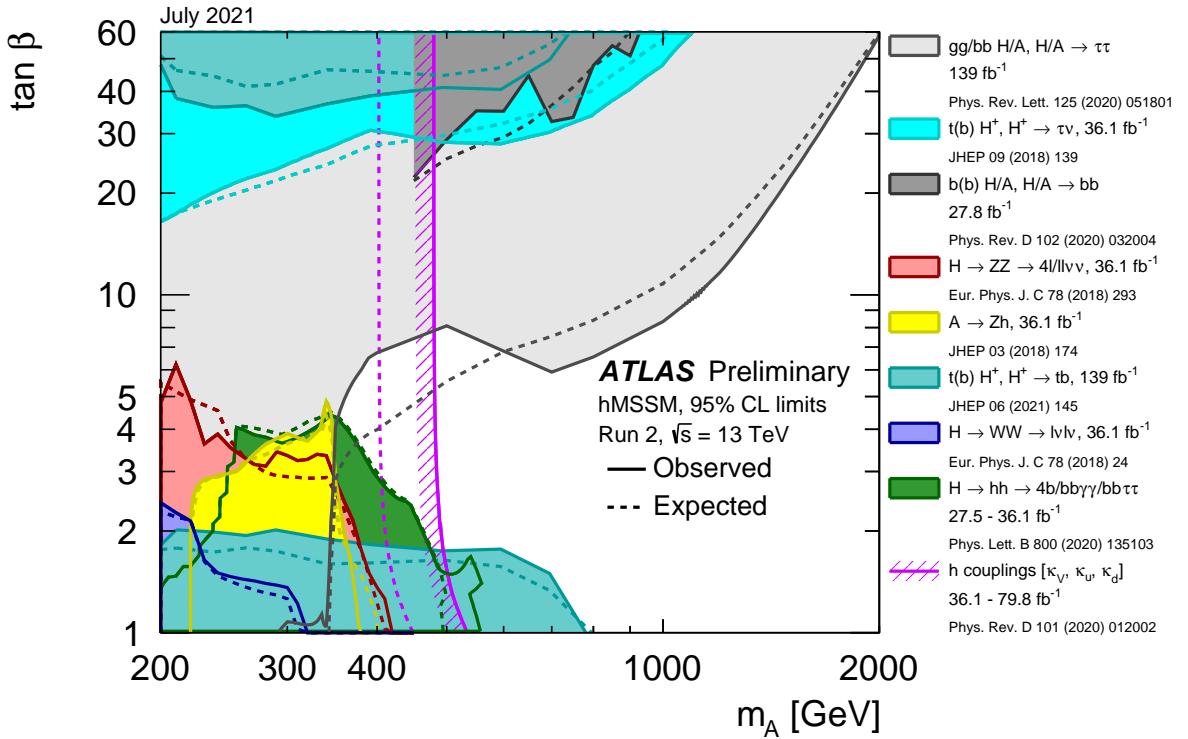


Figure 1: Regions of the $[m_A, \tan \beta]$ plane excluded in the hMSSM via direct searches for heavy Higgs bosons and fits to the measured rates of observed Higgs boson production and decays. Limits are quoted at 95% CL and are indicated for the data (solid lines) and the expectation for the SM Higgs sector (dashed lines). The light shaded or hatched regions indicate the observed exclusions. Unless otherwise specified, only gluon-gluon fusion (gg) is considered for the production mode. The cross sections for the Higgs boson production in the hMSSM [2–4] are calculated using up to NNLO QCD corrections for gluon-gluon fusion and b -associated production in the five-flavour scheme as implemented in Sushi [14–17]. For b -associated production a cross section in the four-flavour scheme is calculated as described in Refs. [18, 19] and the results are combined with the five-flavour scheme calculation following Ref. [20]. The Higgs boson widths and branching ratios have been calculated using HDECAY [21]. The procedure for the calculation of the cross sections and the branching ratios follows Ref. [22]. Discussion of the application of the hMSSM can be found in Ref. [23].

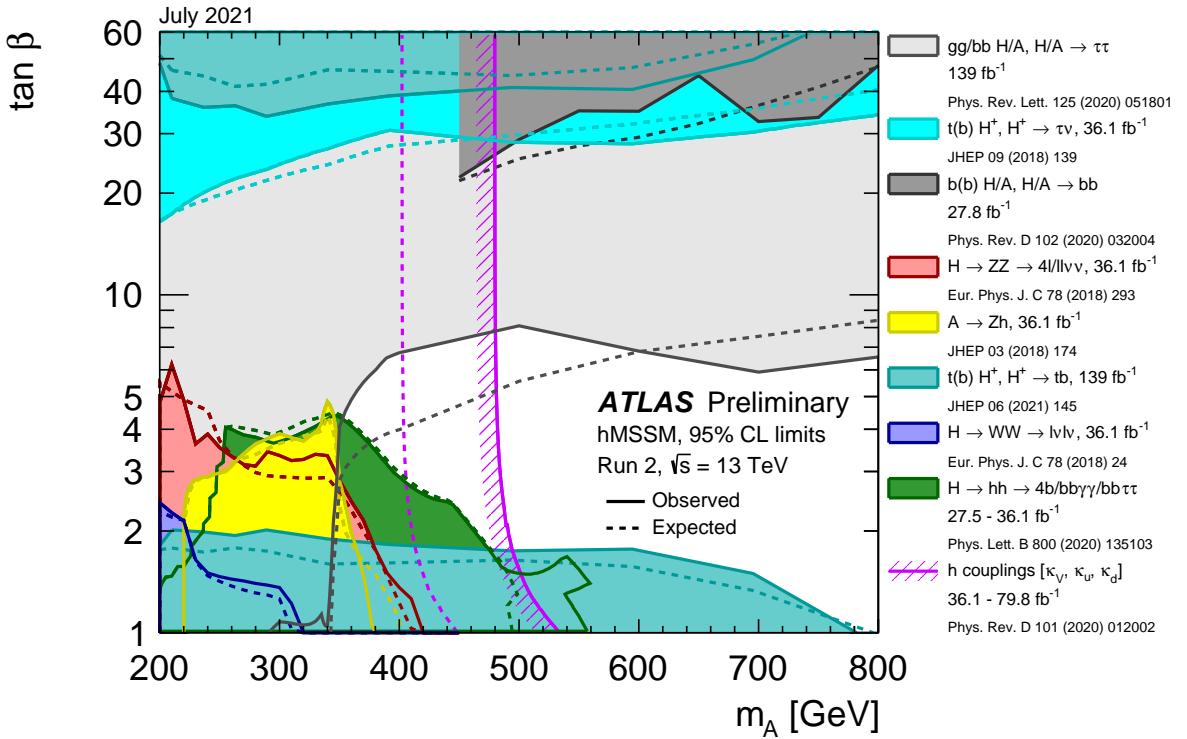


Figure 2: Regions of the $[m_A, \tan \beta]$ plane excluded in the hMSSM via direct searches for heavy Higgs bosons and fits to the measured rates of observed Higgs boson production and decays. Limits are quoted at 95% CL and are indicated for the data (solid lines) and the expectation for the SM Higgs sector (dashed lines). The light shaded or hatched regions indicate the observed exclusions. Unless otherwise specified, only gluon-gluon fusion (gg) is considered for the production mode. The cross sections for the Higgs boson production in the hMSSM [2–4] are calculated using up to NNLO QCD corrections for gluon-gluon fusion and b -associated production in the five-flavour scheme as implemented in Sushi [14–17]. For b -associated production a cross section in the four-flavour scheme is calculated as described in Refs. [18, 19] and the results are combined with the five-flavour scheme calculation following Ref. [20]. The Higgs boson widths and branching ratios have been calculated using HDECAY [21]. The procedure for the calculation of the cross sections and the branching ratios follows Ref. [22]. Discussion of the application of the hMSSM can be found in Ref. [23].

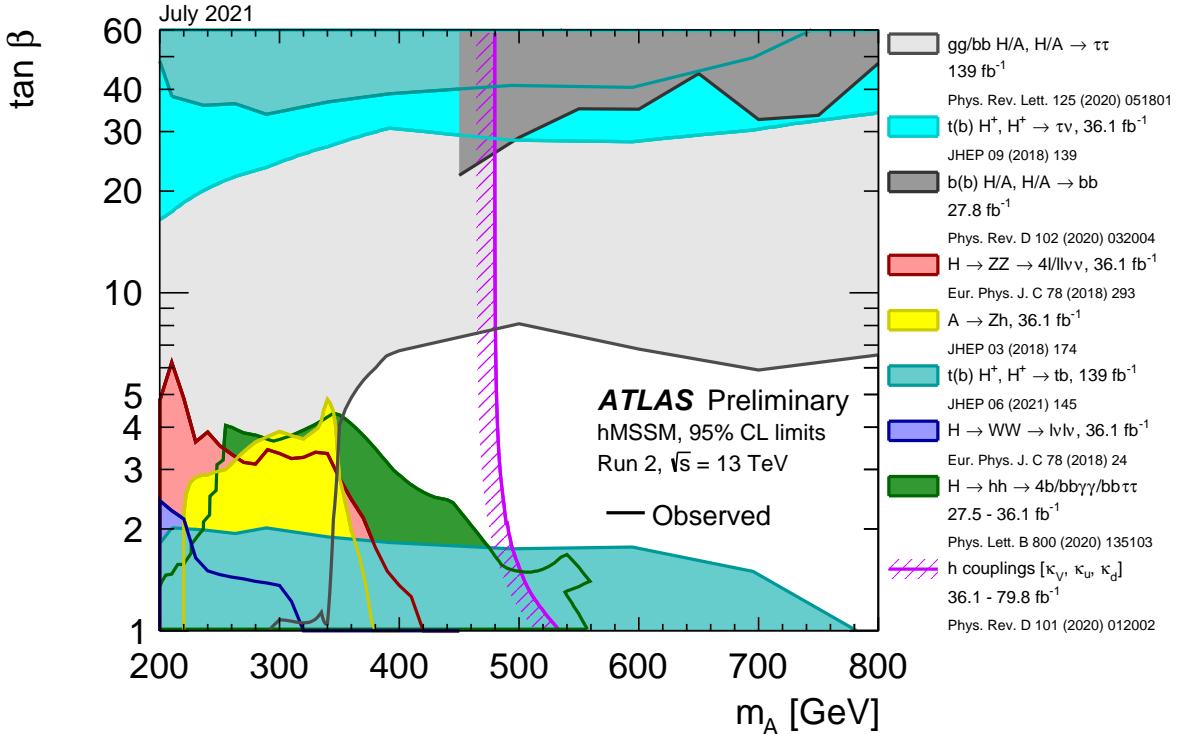


Figure 3: Regions of the $[m_A, \tan \beta]$ plane excluded in the hMSSM via direct searches for heavy Higgs bosons and fits to the measured rates of observed Higgs boson production and decays. Limits are quoted at 95% CL and are indicated for the data (solid lines). The light shaded or hatched regions indicate the observed exclusions. Unless otherwise specified, only gluon-gluon fusion (gg) is considered for the production mode. The cross sections for the Higgs boson production in the hMSSM [2–4] are calculated using up to NNLO QCD corrections for gluon-gluon fusion and b -associated production in the five-flavour scheme as implemented in Sushi [14–17]. For b -associated production a cross section in the four-flavour scheme is calculated as described in Refs. [18, 19] and the results are combined with the five-flavour scheme calculation following Ref. [20]. The Higgs boson widths and branching ratios have been calculated using HDECAY [21]. The procedure for the calculation of the cross sections and the branching ratios follows Ref. [22]. Discussion of the application of the hMSSM can be found in Ref. [23].

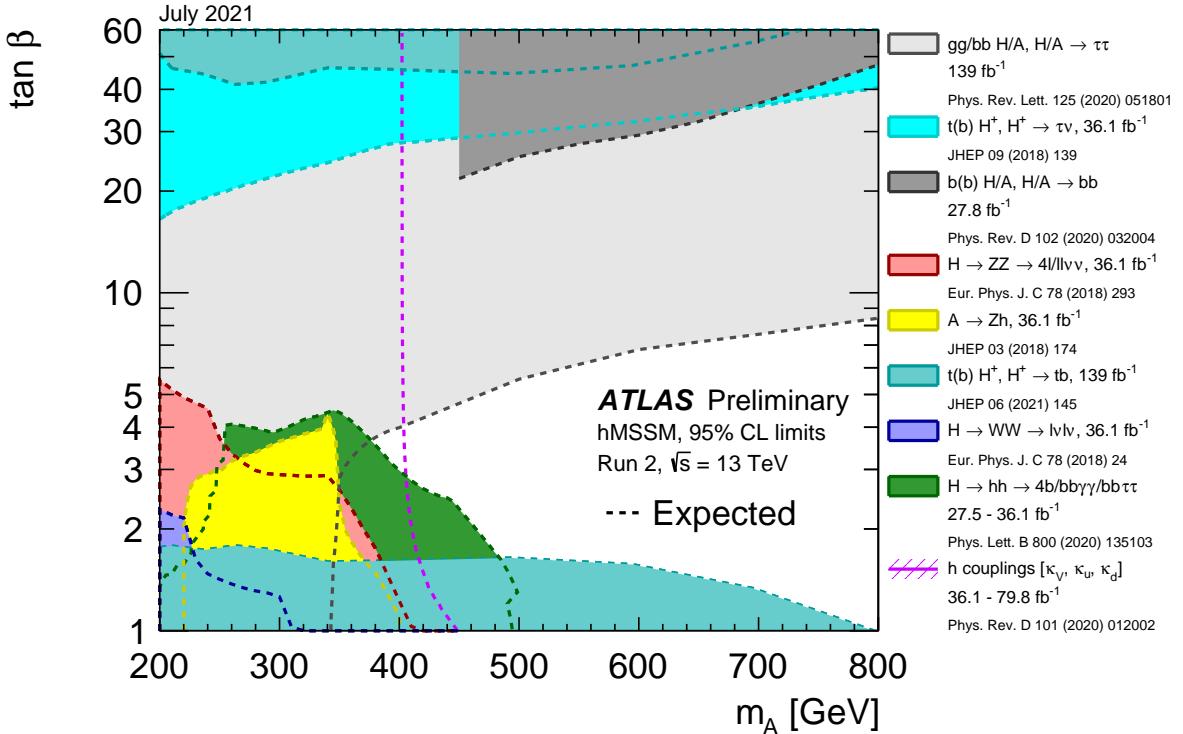


Figure 4: Regions of the $[m_A, \tan \beta]$ plane excluded in the hMSSM via direct searches for heavy Higgs bosons and fits to the measured rates of observed Higgs boson production and decays. Limits are quoted at 95% CL and are indicated for the expectation for the SM Higgs sector (dashed lines). Unless otherwise specified, only gluon-gluon fusion (gg) is considered for the production mode. The light shaded or hatched regions indicate the expected exclusions. The cross sections for the Higgs boson production in the hMSSM [2–4] are calculated using up to NNLO QCD corrections for gluon-gluon fusion and b -associated production in the five-flavour scheme as implemented in Sushi [14–17]. For b -associated production a cross section in the four-flavour scheme is calculated as described in Refs. [18, 19] and the results are combined with the five-flavour scheme calculation following Ref. [20]. The Higgs boson widths and branching ratios have been calculated using HDECAY [21]. The procedure for the calculation of the cross sections and the branching ratios follows Ref. [22]. Discussion of the application of the hMSSM can be found in Ref. [23].

References

- [1] ATLAS Collaboration, *hMSSM summary plots from direct and indirect searches*, ATL-PHYS-PUB-2020-006, 2020, URL: <http://cds.cern.ch/record/2713580> (cit. on p. 2).
- [2] L. Maiani, A. D. Polosa and V. Riquer, *Probing Minimal Supersymmetry at the LHC with the Higgs Boson Masses*, *New J. Phys.* **14** (2012) 073029, arXiv: [1202.5998 \[hep-ph\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1202.5998) (cit. on pp. 2–6).
- [3] A. Djouadi et al., *The post-Higgs MSSM scenario: Habemus MSSM?*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **73** (2013) 2650, arXiv: [1307.5205 \[hep-ph\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1307.5205) (cit. on pp. 2–6).
- [4] A. Djouadi, L. Maiani, A. Polosa, J. Quevillon and V. Riquer, *Fully covering the MSSM Higgs sector at the LHC*, *JHEP* **06** (2015) 168, arXiv: [1502.05653 \[hep-ph\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1502.05653) (cit. on pp. 2–6).
- [5] ATLAS Collaboration, *Search for Heavy Higgs Bosons Decaying into Two Tau Leptons with the ATLAS Detector Using pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **125** (2020) 051801, arXiv: [2002.12223 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/2002.12223) (cit. on p. 2).
- [6] ATLAS Collaboration, *Search for charged Higgs bosons decaying via $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu_\tau$ in the $\tau + \text{jets}$ and $\tau + \text{lepton}$ final states with 36fb^{-1} of pp collision data recorded at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS experiment*, *JHEP* **09** (2018) 139, arXiv: [1807.07915 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1807.07915) (cit. on p. 2).
- [7] ATLAS Collaboration, *Search for charged Higgs bosons decaying into a top quark and a bottom quark at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *JHEP* **06** (2021) 145, arXiv: [2102.10076 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/2102.10076) (cit. on p. 2).
- [8] ATLAS Collaboration, *Search for heavy neutral Higgs bosons produced in association with b-quarks and decaying into b-quarks at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *Phys. Rev. D* **102** (2020) 032004, arXiv: [1907.02749 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1907.02749) (cit. on p. 2).
- [9] ATLAS Collaboration, *Search for heavy ZZ resonances in the $\ell^+ \ell^- \ell^+ \ell^-$ and $\ell^+ \ell^- \nu \bar{\nu}$ final states using proton–proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **78** (2018) 293, arXiv: [1712.06386 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1712.06386) (cit. on p. 2).
- [10] ATLAS Collaboration, *Search for heavy resonances decaying into a W or Z boson and a Higgs boson in final states with leptons and b-jets in 36fb^{-1} of $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV pp collisions with the ATLAS detector*, *JHEP* **03** (2018) 174, arXiv: [1712.06518 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1712.06518) (cit. on p. 2), Erratum: *JHEP* **11** (2018) 051.
- [11] ATLAS Collaboration, *Search for heavy resonances decaying into WW in the $e\nu\mu\nu$ final state in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **78** (2018) 24, arXiv: [1710.01123 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1710.01123) (cit. on p. 2).
- [12] ATLAS Collaboration, *Combination of searches for Higgs boson pairs in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *Phys. Lett. B* **800** (2020) 135103, arXiv: [1906.02025 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1906.02025) (cit. on p. 2).
- [13] ATLAS Collaboration, *Combined measurements of Higgs boson production and decay using up to 80fb^{-1} of proton–proton collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV collected with the ATLAS experiment*, *Phys. Rev. D* **101** (2020) 012002, arXiv: [1909.02845 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1909.02845) (cit. on p. 2).

- [14] R. V. Harlander, S. Liebler and H. Mantler, *SusHi: A program for the calculation of Higgs production in gluon fusion and bottom-quark annihilation in the Standard Model and the MSSM*, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* **184** (2013) 1605, arXiv: [1212.3249 \[hep-ph\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1212.3249) (cit. on pp. 3–6).
- [15] R. V. Harlander and P. Kant, *Higgs production and decay: Analytic results at next-to-leading order QCD*, *JHEP* **12** (2005) 015, arXiv: [hep-ph/0509189](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0509189) (cit. on pp. 3–6).
- [16] R. V. Harlander and W. B. Kilgore, *Higgs boson production in bottom quark fusion at next-to-next-to leading order*, *Phys. Rev. D* **68** (2003) 013001, arXiv: [hep-ph/0304035](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0304035) (cit. on pp. 3–6).
- [17] R. V. Harlander and W. B. Kilgore, *Next-to-next-to-leading order Higgs production at hadron colliders*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **88** (2002) 201801, arXiv: [hep-ph/0201206](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0201206) (cit. on pp. 3–6).
- [18] S. Dawson, C. B. Jackson, L. Reina and D. Wackeroth, *Exclusive Higgs boson production with bottom quarks at hadron colliders*, *Phys. Rev. D* **69** (2004) 074027, arXiv: [hep-ph/0311067](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0311067) (cit. on pp. 3–6).
- [19] S. Dittmaier, M. Krämer and M. Spira, *Higgs radiation off bottom quarks at the Tevatron and the CERN LHC*, *Phys. Rev. D* **70** (2004) 074010, arXiv: [hep-ph/0309204](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0309204) (cit. on pp. 3–6).
- [20] R. V. Harlander, M. Krämer and M. Schumacher, *Bottom-quark associated Higgs-boson production: reconciling the four- and five-flavour scheme approach*, (2011), arXiv: [1112.3478 \[hep-ph\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1112.3478) (cit. on pp. 3–6).
- [21] A. Djouadi, J. Kalinowski and M. Spira, *HDECAY: A Program for Higgs boson decays in the standard model and its supersymmetric extension*, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* **108** (1998) 56, arXiv: [hep-ph/9704448](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/9704448) (cit. on pp. 3–6).
- [22] D. de Florian et al., *Handbook of LHC Higgs Cross Sections: 4. Deciphering the Nature of the Higgs Sector*, (2016), arXiv: [1610.07922 \[hep-ph\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1610.07922) (cit. on pp. 3–6).
- [23] E. Bagnaschi et al., *Benchmark scenarios for low $\tan\beta$ in the MSSM*, LHCHXSWG-2015-002, 2015, URL: <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2039911> (cit. on pp. 3–6).